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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/829,093	04/20/2004	Jose Guadalupe Cid-Aguilar	206,507	6009
	7590 03/30/200 RAYNE & SCHWAB		EXAMINER	
666 THIRD AV	ENUE, 10TH FLOOF		BOLDEN, ELIZABETH A	
NEW YORK, NY 10017			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1793	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/30/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/829,093	CID-AGUILAR ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	ELIZABETH A. BOLDEN	1793				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09 F</u>	ebruary 2009					
	s action is non-final.					
· <u> </u>						
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>l</i>	•					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>6-9</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>6-9</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	xaminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior						
application from the International Burea	·	od III tillo i vational Gtage				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
	·					
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P					
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	αιστι πρριισαιιστι				

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DETAILED ACTION

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Terminal Disclaimer

The terminal disclaimer filed on 8 April 2008 disclaiming the terminal portion of any patent granted on this application which would extend beyond the expiration date of 11/182,449 has been reviewed and is accepted. The terminal disclaimer has been recorded.

Drawings

The original drawings received on 20 April 2004 are accepted by the Examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 6-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Koyama et al., U.S. Patent Application Publication 2003/0114291 A1.

Koyama et al. teaches a glass composition having overlapping ranges of components and properties with instant claims 6-9. See Abstract and paragraphs [0031]-[0039], [0048]-[0050], and [0063].

Koyama et al. fails to teach any examples or ranges of components that are sufficiently specific to anticipate the instant claims. Overlapping ranges have been held to establish *prima facie* obviousness. See MPEP 2144.05.

Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have selected from the overlapping portion of the ranges taught by the reference because overlapping ranges have been held to establish *prima facie* obviousness. See MPEP 2144.05.

One of ordinary skill in the art would expect that a glass with overlapping compositional ranges would have the property as recited in claim 6.

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Claims 6-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Landa et al., U.S. Patent 7,169,722.

Landa et al. teaches a glass composition having overlapping ranges of components and properties with instant claims 6-9. See Abstract, column 2, lines 44-67, column 3, lines 1-36, column 4, lines 5-36, and column 7, lines 25-58.

Landa et al. fails to teach any examples or ranges of components that are sufficiently specific to anticipate the instant claims. Overlapping ranges have been held to establish *prima facie* obviousness. See MPEP 2144.05.

Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have selected from the overlapping portion of the ranges taught by the reference because overlapping ranges have been held to establish *prima facie* obviousness. See MPEP 2144.05.

One of ordinary skill in the art would expect that a glass with overlapping compositional ranges would have the property as recited in claim 6.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 4 November 2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Koyama et al. teach a colorless glass having overlapping ranges as the instant claims. See above rejection. Koyama et al. teach that TiO₂ is included in the glass composition in amounts that overlap the instant claims. See paragraph [0063] of Koyama et al. Applicants' argue that the level that Koyama et al. teach is a specifically low level, this is not found persuasive since the ranges recited in the instant claims and Koyama's paragraph [0063] overlap. Applicants' argue that the TiO₂ of Koyama is used to effect the light transmittance of the glass. Koyama et al. does disclose that the TiO₂ is used to reduce the Ultraviolet light transmittance. Applicants' argue that the valence state of the titanium, however, the applicants' own arguments state that the more stable state of the titanium is TI⁺⁴.

For the same reasons above the arguments towards the Landa et al. rejection are not persuasive since the ranges of Landa et al. overlap the instant claims. See above rejection

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ELIZABETH A. BOLDEN whose telephone number is (571)272-1363. The examiner can normally be reached on 10 am to 6:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jerry Lorengo can be reached on 571-272-1233. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Elizabeth A. Bolden Examiner Art Unit 1793

EAB 25 March 2009

/Karl E Group/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1793